

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO
THE MEMBERS OF
AXIOM CONSULTING PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

PRIVATE LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") comprising of the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The respective Board of Directors of the companies or those charged with governance included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.



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Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. While conducting the audit, we have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Holding Company's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Holding Company has an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Holding Company's Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We have conducted an audit of the holding company's standalone financials. For the purpose of consolidated financial statement, for Axiom Americas Inc (subsidiary company) and Axiom Product Development LLC (step-down subsidiary) the audit was conducted by CPAs of United States of America as at year ended 31st March, 2017.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us related to standalone and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in sub-paragraph (a) and (b) of the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the effects of the matter described in the Auditor's Responsibility Statements above, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group, as at 31st March, 2017, and their consolidated loss and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Other Matters

- (a) We have not audited the financial statements of Axiom Product Development Pte Ltd. (subsidiary company) whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 94,38,294 (SGD 2,03,333) as at 31st March, 2017, total revenues of Rs. 1,09,51,981 (SGD 2,26,023) and net cash flows amounting to Rs (13,32,477/-) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements / financial information have been audited by Chartered Accountants of Singapore whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiary and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.
- (b) We have not audited the financial statements of Axiom Americas Inc (subsidiary company) and Axiom Product Development LLC (step-down subsidiary) whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 7,85,75,177 (USD 11,70,309) as at 31st March, 2017, total revenues of Rs. 23,48,56,399 (USD 35,00,617) and net cash flows amounting to Rs (2,07,99,639/-) for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements / financial information have been audited by CPAs of United States of America whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on Page 3 of 6

the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiary and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiary, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

- (c) As per the written representation received from the Management and those charged with governance, the subsidiaries shall comply with the applicable law and regulations relating to maintenance of books of accounts, financials records of the company, management of the affairs of the company and compliance with the regulations of the state.
- (d) We have not received the bank confirmations for the subsidiary Companies in United States of America, however we have obtained account statements.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements / financial information certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, the said Order is not applicable to the auditor's report on consolidated financial statements.
- 2. As required by Section143 (3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
- (a) We have sought and, except for the possible effect of the matter described in sub-paragraph (a) & (b) of Basis for Opinion above, obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.



- (c) Except for the matter described in sub-paragraph (a) & (b) of Opinion paragraph above, the reports on the accounts of its subsidiaries, audited under Section 143 (8) of the Act by the other auditors, as applicable, have been properly dealt with in preparing this report.
- (d) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- (e) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (f) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, none of the directors of the Group's companies, is disqualified as on 31st March, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (g) With regards to the matter to be reported under sub clause (i) of Sub section (3) of Sec 143, reporting on the Internal Financial Controls of the company, and the guidance notes issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, since the components included in the Consolidated Financial Statements are not regulated by the Companies Act, 2013, hence there is no matter to be reported. The reporting on the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Holding Company is not applicable as the Company fulfils the criteria stated in the MCA exemption notification dated 13 June 2017. However, with respect to Revenue, the Company needs to strengthen the process of maintaining time sheets for capturing of time on the project execution and revenue documentation.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. There are no pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group. Hence the said clause is not applicable.



- The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies.

For Guru & Jana,

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No. 006826S

Guru Prasad M. Wr 8 nds

Partner

Membership No. 200714

Place: Bangalore

Date: 09 October 2017

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH 2017



			(in Rs.)
Particulars	Note	As at 31-03-2017	As at 31-03-2016
Equity and Liabilities			
Shareholders' Funds			
Share capital	2	13,457,520	13,457,520
Reserves and surplus	3	41,754,209	59,550,064
Non-current Liabilities			
Long term borrowings	4	7,119,338	11,586,417
Long term provisions	5	7,285,655	8,718,201
Current Liabilities			
Short term borrowings	6	15,778,220	4,529,082
Trade payables	7	14,651,735	15,901,148
Other current liabilities	8	46,366,246	44,217,232
Short-term provisions	9	774,015	4,507,277
Deferred tax liability	10		2,291,866
		147,186,938	164,758,807
Assets			
Non-current Assets			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	11	14,158,698	10,087,245
Intangible assets	12	23,194,263	36,076,682
Intangible assets under development	12	11,697,837	981,895
Non-current investments	13		
Long term loans and advances	13	21,500	21,500
Current Assets			
Deferred tax Asset	10	5,933,854	— 3
Trade receivables	14	63,297,381	53,792,901
Cash and cash equivalents	15	8,421,156	42,151,193
Short term loans and advances	16	15,042,960	13,794,225
Other current assets	17	5,419,289	7,853,166
		147,186,938	164,758,807
Significant accounting policies	1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date

For Guru & Jana

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.006826S

M. Guru Prasad red Acco

Partner

Membership No: 200714

Place: Bangalore Date: 9 October 2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Satya Simha Rao

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 00350297

Giridhar Lakshminarayan

Director



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2017



			(in Rs.)
Particulars	Note	April to Mar-17	April to Mar-16
Income			404 000 755
Revenue from operations Other income	18	321,588,279 8,406,308	406,922,755
		329,994,587	407,000,223
Expenses Employee benefits expenses	20	226,684,492	251,731,131
Other expenses	21	102,260,090	98,121,820
		328,944,582	349,852,951
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)		1,050,004	57,147,272
Finance cost	22	6,028,530	3,879,387
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	23	20,541,964	14,903,523
Profit before tax		(25,520,490)	38,364,362
Tax expenses		211,369	10,045,543
Current tax MAT credit			(1,597,064)
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)		(8,484,654)	3,321,415
Profit after tax		(17,247,205)	26,594,468
Earnings Per Share (par value Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each)			
Basic & Diluted Computed on the basis of profit from continuing operations		(12.82)	19.76
Computed on the basis of total profit for the year		(12.82)	19.76

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date

For Guru & Jana

Chartered Accountants & JAN Firm Registration No.006826S

M. Guru Prasad Partner

Membership No: 200714

Place: Bangalore

Date: 9 October 2017

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Satya Simha Rao

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 00350297

Giridhar Lakshminarayan

Director





CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2017

¥		(in Rs.)
Particulars	31-03-17	31-03-16
Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Net profit before tax	(25,520,490)	26,594,468
Adjustments for:		F.591 (C.
Net Income tax for current period		8,448,480
Depreciation	20,541,964	14,903,523
Interest expense	2,854,427	2,682,406
Operating profit before working capital changes	(2,124,099)	52,628,877
Movement in trade receivables	(9,504,480)	(12,483,983)
Movement in deferred tax		3,319,448
Movement in long term loans and advances	_	7,117,925
Movement in short term loans and advances	(1,248,735)	(909,732)
Movement in other current assets	2,433,876	(8,042,834)
Movement in Other long term liabilties	1,937,644	20 21
Movement in long term provisions	(1,432,546)	1,708,732
Movement in trade payables	(1,249,413)	2,513,821
Movement in other current liabilities		14,939,887
Movement in short-term provisions	(3,733,262)	726,690
Cash from operating activities	(14,921,015)	61,518,831
Tax payable		(8,448,480)
Net Cash from operating activities	(14,921,015)	53,070,351
Cont. Elm Com Investiga Antivities		
Cash Flow from Investing Activities	(11,730,998)	(15,643,205)
Purchase of fixed assets	(10,715,942)	(4,524,001)
Capitalisation of intangible assets under development		
Net cash used in investing activities	(22,446,940)	(20,167,206)
Cash Flow from Financing Activities		
Movement in long term borrowings	(4,467,079)	5,767,906
Movement in short term borrowings	11,249,138	(6,794,538)
Interest paid	(2,854,427)	(2,682,406)
Net cash used in financing activities	3,927,632	(3,709,038)
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents	(33,440,323)	29,194,107
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	42,151,193	12,009,799
Effect of exchange difference due to translation of foreign currency items	(289,715)	947,288
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	8,421,155	42,151,193
Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and balances with banks. Cash and		
cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following balance sheet amounts:		
Balances with banks on current accounts	5,080,555	34,902,340
Balances with banks on EEFC accounts	3,176,441	7,070,382
Cash in hand	164,159	178,471
Cash and cash equivalents as restated	8,421,155	42,151,193

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

As per our report of even date

For Guru & Jana & JAN Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.0068268

M. Guru Prasad Account

Membership No: 200714

Place: Bangalore Date: 9 October 2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

BANGALORE

Satya Simha Rao Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 00350297

Giridhar Lakshminarayan

Director



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

Significant Accounting Policies

Company overview

Axiom Consulting Private Limited ('the Company') was incorporated as a private limited company under the Indian Companies Act, 1956 on 19th June 2001 and is domiciled in India.

The Company provides engineering design, testing, prototype development and related services and sale/ licensing of internally developed intangible products and their related services. It has branches in USA and Belgium and wholly owned subsidiaries in USA and Singapore.

Note 1: Significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India. The Company has prepared these financial statements to comply in all material respects with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention. The Accounting policies have been applied consistently except to the extent of change required under a new or revised Accounting Standard. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees and rounded off to nearest rupee. The Management evaluates all recently issued or revised Accounting Standards on an on-going basis.

The Company is a Small and Medium sized company as defined in the General Instructions in respect of the Accounting Standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013. Accordingly, the Company has complied with the Accounting Standards as applicable to a Small and Medium Sized Company.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the principles and procedures required for the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements as laid down under the AccountingStandard (AS) 21, "Consolidated Financial Statements". The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries, combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses after eliminating intra-group balances and transactions and resulting unrealised gain/ loss. The consolidated financial statements are prepared by applying uniform accounting policies in use at the Group.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the reporting year. Although these estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results could differ from those estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements of the period in which the changes are made with material amounts being disclosed in the financial

statements and/ or the notes to the financial statements.



Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

Significant Accounting Policies

3 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is derived from providing engineering design, testing, prototype development and related services and sale/ licensing of internally developed intangible products and related services related to their implementation and customisation. Revenue from services is recognised based on time and material and/ or fixed price contractual arrangements with customers and accrued when there is no uncertainty as to measurement of revenue or its collectability.

- a. Revenue from time and material contracts is recognised as the related services are performed.
- b. Revenue from fixed price contracts is recognised as the related services are performed by applying the percentage of completion method.
- c. Revenue from the sale of prototype is recognised when the property in the goods or all significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customer.
- d. Revenue from sale/licensing of internally developed intangibles is recognised when license is issued to customer in case of sale or when services incidental to and necessary for use of the intangibles are performed in case of a sale and services agreement.
- e. Billing in excess of revenue recognized is classified as Deferred Revenue and revenue recognized in excess of billing is classified as Unbilled Revenue.

4 Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Direct costs relating to the acquisition and installation of tangible assets are capitalised. Cost of tangible assets not ready for their intended use as at the reporting date are included in "Capital works in progress".

Tangible leased assets acquired under finance lease are capitalised as owned assets at their fair value on date of acquition. Fair value is the lower of minimum of future lease rentals or present value of lease rentals.

Depreciation is computed using written down value method, based on the prescribed useful lives for tangible assets specified under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on assets purchased during the year is charged proportionately from the date of putting to use.

Leased assets captalised as owned assets are depreciated over their primary period of lease.

5 Intangible assets and amortisation

Intangible assets comprise of acquired software and internally developed engineering solutions/ systems and software. Acquired intangibles are measured on initial recognition at cost. Subsequently, intangible assets are recognised at cost less accumulated amortization and any impairment. Internally developed intangible assets are capitalised at the development stage and all research costs are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets are amortised on straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life of the asset. The amortisation period and the amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each financial year. If the estimated useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortisation period is changed accordingly.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

Significant Accounting Policies

6 Impairment

The carrying amounts of tangible assets and intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine if there is any indication of impairment of assets and the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use.

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets (cash generating unit or CGU) that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its net selling price. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU. Impairment losses are recognised in statement of profit and loss. Impairment loss recognised in respect of a CGU is reduced by the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro-rata basis.

If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists or has decreased, the assets or CGU's recoverable amount is estimated and the impairment loss is reversed to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognised. Such a reversal is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

7 Investments

Investments that are readily realisable and intended to be held for not more than a year from the date of acquisition are classified as current investments. All other investments are classified as long-term investments. However, that part of long-term investment which is expected to be realised within twelve months of the reporting date is presented under 'current assets' as "current portion of long term investments" in accordance with the current/non-current classification scheme of Schedule III.

Long-term investments (including current portion thereof) are carried at cost less any other than temporary diminution in value, determined separately for each individual investment.

Current investments are carried at the lower of cost or fair value. The comparison of cost and fair value is done separately in respect of each category of investment i.e., equity shares, preference shares, convertible debentures etc.

Any reduction in the carrying amount and any reversal of such reduction is charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

8 Employee benefits

a. Defined Contribution Plans

These are plans in which the Company pays pre-defined percentage of employee's salary to separate funds and does not have any legal or informal obligation to pay additional sums. These comprise of contributions to the employees' provident fund maintained by the government. The Company's payment to the defined contribution plans are recognised as expenses during the period in which the employees perform services that the payment covers.

b. Defined Benefit Plans Gratuity

The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan (Gratuity Plan). The liability with regard to gratuity plan is accrued based on actuarial valuation, based on Projected Unit Credit Method.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

Significant Accounting Policies

Compensated Absences

The employees of the Company are entitled to compensated absences which are both accumulating and non-accumulating. The estimated expenses of accumulated compensated absences are determined and accrued using actuarial valuation in respect of the unused entitlement accumulated as at reporting date. Expenses relating to non-accumulated compensated absences are recognized as expenditure in the period in which the absence occurs.

9 Sweat Equity Shares

The Company measures the compensation cost relating to sweat equity shares based on fair value determined by a valuer which is expensed in the period in which sweat equity shares are issued.

10 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, development, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised as part of cost of such asset till such time as the asset is ready for its intended use or sale. A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to be ready for its intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred.

11 Provisions and contingencies

A provision is recognised when an enterprise has a present obligation as a result of past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on management estimates required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current management estimates.

12 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions during the year are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency denominated monetary items are translated into rupees at the closing rates of exchange prevailing as at the reporting date. Non-monetary items, which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency, are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items at rates different from those at which they are initially recorded, are recognized as income or as expenses in the year in which they arise.

The Company classifies all its foreign entities as either 'Integral foreign operations' or 'Non-integral foreign operations'. The financial statements of integral foreign operations are translated as if the transactions of such foreign operations have been those of the Company itself.

The assets and liabilities of non-integral foreign operations are translated into the reporting currency at the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date and their Statement of Profit and Loss are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transaction or weighted average weekly rates, where such rates approximate the exchange rate at the date of transaction. The exchange difference arising on translation is accumulated in the foreign currency translation reserve. On disposal of a non-integral foreign operation, the accumulated foreign currency translation reserve relating to that foreign operation is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

When there is a change in the classification of a foreign operation, the translation procedure applicable to the revised classification are applied prospectively.

The translation of financial statements of the foreign subsidiaries from the local currency to the reporting currency of the company is performed for balance sheet accounts using the exchange rate in effect at the balance sheet date and for revenue, expense and cash-flow items using a monthly average exchange rate for the respective periods and the resulting difference is presented as foreign currency translation reserve included in "reserves and surplus". When a subsidiary is disposed off, in part or in full, the relevant amount is transferred to profit or loss of the subsidiary is disposed off.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

Significant Accounting Policies

13 Income Tax

Tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income Tax Act. Deferred income taxes are recognised for the future tax effects attributable to timing differences between the determination of income and expenses for financial statement reporting purposes and their recognition for tax purposes. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognised using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets are recognised and carried forward only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets of earlier years are re-assessed and recognised to the extent that it has become reasonably certain that future taxable income will be available against which deferred tax assets can be realised.

Minimum Alternative Tax ('MAT') under the provisions of the Indian Income-Tax Act, 1961 is recognised as part of current tax in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The credit available as per provisions of the Act in respect of MAT paid is recognised as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the period for which the MAT credit can be carried forward for or set-off against the normal tax liability. MAT credit is recognised as an asset and is reviewed at each balance sheet date and written down to the extent the aforesaid convincing evidence no longer exists.

14 Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to equity shareholders for the reporting period by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit after tax attributable to equity share holders for the reporting period and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017



	(Amounts in Rupees)	(Amounts in Rupees)
Note 2 : Share Capital		
Authorised 1,500,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each (previous year 1,500,000)	15,000,000	15,000,000
	15,000,000	15,000,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up 1,345,752 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each (previous year 1,345,752)	13,457,520	13,457,520
	13,457,520	13,457,520

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the	As at 31 March, 2017		As at 31 March, 2016	
Particulars	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
As at the beginning of the year	1,345,752	13,457,520	1,345,752	13,457,520
Stranding at the end of the year	1,345,752	13,457,520	1,345,752	13,457,520

b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. During the year, the company has not declared any dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the Share holders.

c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares in the Company

	As at 31 Marc	As at 31 March, 2017		rch, 2016
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding
	101 040	21.200/	421.250	31.30%
Satya Simha Rao	421,250	31.30%		
Giridhar L	355,000	26.38%	355,000	26.38%
Robert H Tate	251,678	18.70%	251,678	18.70%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

d) Details of shares issued for consideration other than cash.

Description	Year of issue	Number of shares
Sweat equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	2013-14	55,300
	2011-12	61,450
	2010-11	28,173



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	31-03-17	31-03-16
Note 5 : Long-term provisions	31-03-17	31-03-16
Provision for Employee Benefits:		
Provision for Gratuity Provision for Leave Encashment	4,685,948	5,283,833
	2,599,707 7,285,655	3,434,368 8,718,201
Note 6 : Short term borrowings	31-03-17	31-03-16
Indian Rupee Overdraft loan - Secured	15,129,834 648,386	4,529,082
Indian Rupee Overdraft loan - Unsecured	15,778,220	4,529,082

Secured loans consist of the following from Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.:

1. Indian Rupee Overdraft loan carrying floating rate of interest of 12.25% p.a. as at year end.

2. Pre-shipment/ Foreign Bills discounting against export purchase orders/ invoices carries floating rate of interest of USD 6 months LIBOR plus 5% p.a.

The above loans are in the nature of working capital term loans and secured by exclusive charge on all existing and future current assets/ moveable assets of the Company, collateral security of immovable properties of a promoter director and of a relative of a promoter director and personal guarantees of promoter directors and of a relative of a promoter director.

Note 7: Trade payables	31-03-17	31-03-16
Trade payables	14,651,735	15,901,148
Trade payables	14,651,735	15,901,148
Note 8: Other current liabilities	31-03-17	31-03-16
Statutory liabilities	3,355,323	4,479,940
Payable to employees	6,399,898	8,044,291
Current maturities of long term borrowings (Note 4)	12,690,245	11,935,693
Interest accrued but not due on Term Loan	11,936	31,869
Other payables	17,445,166	13,473,916
Deferred rent liability	2,494,341	-
Deferred revenue	3,969,336	6,251,523
	46,366,246	44,217,232
	24.02.4	21 02 16
Note 9: Short term provisions	31-03-17	31-03-16
Provision for income tax (net of advance taxes)	202,466	3,819,812
Provision for gratuity	354,481	369,492
Provision for leave encashment	217,068	317,973
	774,015	4,507,277
Note 10: Deferred tax liability/Asset (Net)	31-03-17	31-03-16
Deferred tax liability	0.072.042	5 270 250
Fixed assets	2,873,943	5,370,358
Deferred rent liability	879,276	-
Accelerated depreciation	262,402	_
Charitable contribution carry forward	24,963	
	4,040,584	5,370,358

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017



	31-03-17	31-03-16
Note 3: Reserves and surplus		
Securities Premium Reserve		
Opening balance	4,934,250	4,934,250
Opening caramet	4,934,250	4,934,250
Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Profit brought forward	47,528,137	20,933,670
Current year surplus	(17,247,209)	26,594,468
	30,280,928	47,528,138
Foreign exchange Translation Reserve		
Opening balance	6,754,506	5,777,691
Additions during the year	(215,475)	1,309,985
Closing balance	6,539,031	7,087,676
	41,754,209	59,550,064
Note 4: Long term borrowings	31-03-17	31-03-16
Long term Loans		
Indian Rupee Term Loan - Secured	8,463,637	3,071,534
Foreign Currency Term Loans - Secured	10,309,863	20,450,576
Long term Lease finance	1,036,083	-
	19,809,583	23,522,110
Less: Current Maturities		
Indian Rupee Term Loan - Secured	3,393,253	2,008,281
Foreign Currency Term Loan - Secured	9,296,992	9,927,412
	12,690,245	11,935,693
Amount disclosed under the head "other current liabilities" (Note 8)	(12,690,245)	(11,935,693)
	7,119,338	11,586,417

Secured loans consist of the following from Bank:

- 1) Foreign currency term loan having original principal loan amount of USD 75,936.55 (equivalent to Rs. 4,500,000/- on date of disbursement) (balance as at 31st March, 2017 USD 18,291.55) carrying floating rate of interest of USD 6 months LIBOR plus 5% p.a. (5.65% at year end). The loan is repayable in 36 monthly instalments of USD 2,287 per month including interest, starting from 28th November, 2014.
- 2) Foreign currency term loan having original principal loan amount of USD 160,513.65 (equivalent to Rs. 10,000,000/- on date of disbursement) (balance as at 31st March, 2017 USD 70,863.65) carrying floating rate of interest of USD 6 months LIBOR plus 5% p.a. (5.82% at year end). The loan is repayable in 36 monthly instalments of USD 4,843 per month including interest, starting from 20th July, 2015.
- 3) Foreign currency term loan having original principal loan amount of USD 147,449.13 (equivalent to Rs. 10,000,000/- on date of disbursement) (balance as at 31st March, 2017 USD 69,962.13) carrying floating rate of interest of USD 6 months LIBOR plus 5% p.a. (5.88% at year end). The loan is repayable in 24 monthly instalments of USD 6,526 per month including interest, starting from 20th March, 2016.
- 4) Indian rupee loan having original principal loan amount of Rs. 5,500,000/ (balance as at 31st March, 2017 Rs. 1,062,378.55) carrying floating rate of interest of 12.25% p.a. at year end. The loan is repayable in 36 monthly instalments of Rs. 189,532 per month including interest, starting from 5th September 2014.
- 5) Indian rupee loan having original principal loan amount of Rs. 7,500,000/ (balance as at 31st March, 2017 Rs. 7,401,258.38) carrying floating rate of interest of 10.25% p.a. at year end. The loan is repayable in 36 monthly instalments of Rs. 245,000 per month including interest, starting from 5th February 2017.

The above loans are in the nature of working capital term loans and secured by exclusive charge on all existing and future current assets/ moveable assets of the Company, collateral security of immovable properties of a promoter director and of a relative of a promoter director and personal guarantees of promoter directors and of a relative of a promoter director.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017



		24 02 44
	31-03-17	31-03-16
Deferred tax asset		
	200 715	
Amortisation	208,715	1,746,877
Provision for Gratuity	(1,297,910)	
Provision for Leave encashment	(725,320)	1,159,473
Other expenses	(78,756)	172,142
	(1,893,271)	3,078,492
	5,933,854	2,291,866
Note 13: Long term loans and advances (Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise)		
(Onsecurea, constaerea good unics stated out of		0.1
Security Deposits	21,500	21,500
Staff Advance		
Other receivables from subsidiaries		
	21,500	21,500
	21,500	21,000
Note 14: Trade receivables		
(Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise)		
Outstanding for more than 6 months	7,975,367	585,738
Outstanding less than 6 months	55,322,014	53,207,163
	63,297,381	53,792,901
* Rupees 61,00,191 (previous year Rs. 18,62,917) is receivable from related parties ** Rupees 45,24,725 (previous year Rs. 28,32,101) is receivable from related parties		
Note 15: Cash and cash equivalents		
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Balances with Banks:	5 000 555	24 002 240
on Current accounts	5,080,555	34,902,340
on EEFC accounts	3,176,441	7,070,382
Cash on hand	164,159	178,471
	8,421,155	42,151,193
Note 16: Short term loans and advances		
(Unsecured, considered good unless stated otherwise)	1,463,301	1,476,615
Deposits	124,646	315,320
Staff Advances	73,609	1,220,418
Other Advances	885,923	1,927,246
Prepaid expenses	55,696	
Inter Company Receivables		
Other receivables from subsidiary and associate companies	(51,520)	-
Loans & advances to subsidiary company	(722 222	4,551,529
Advance taxes (net of provision for taxation)	6,723,333	
Balances with Service Tax department & Other Authorities	2,652,433	4,303,097
Tax paid under protest [refer Note 25(8)]	3,115,540	-
	15,042,961	13,794,225
Note 17: Other Current Assets	3,694,511	7,853,165
Unbilled Revenue	2,431	7,000,100
Maintenance agreement	125,282	-
Other Current assets	1,597,064	
MAT Credit		7,853,165
	5,419,289	7,055,105
	SEN	4.

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Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017 AXIOM CONSULTING PRIVATE LIMITED

Tangible Assets

Note 12

Intangible assets

15,685,593 (Amounts in Rupees)
NET BLOCK 36,076,682 31-03-2016 Asat 11,241,664 23,194,263 -03-2017 As at 21,402,344 762,820 -2017 upto 31-03-Total 34, Deletion AMORTISATION 4,495,946 12,934,435 For the year 4,921,987 21,828,385 16,906,398 4-2016 Upto 32,644,008 25,313,076 57,957,084 31-03-2017 Changes in the carrying value of intangible assets for the year ended 31st March 2017

GROSS BLOCK Deletions 52,017 52,017 Additions 32,591,991 25,313,076 57,905,067 2016 As at Internally Developed **Particulars** Acquired Software Total

Intangible assets under development

Changes in the carrying value of intangible assets for the year ended 31st March 2017

	GROSS BLOCK	COCK			AMORTISATION	ATION		NE	NEI DEUCH
								4	Accep
Acat	Additions	Deletions	Asat	Upto	For the	Deletion	lotal upto	ASat	ASAL
H3 at	The same of the sa						6	F 4 00 00 40	21 03 3016
1 1 2016			31-03-2017	1-4-2016	Vear		1-03	31-03-201/	31-03-5010
0107-4-1								200 200 200	2001000
001 005	10715 942		11,697,837			T.		11,697,837	269,186
201,073	717,017,01								
_	As at 1-4-2016 981,895	t Addition 116,7	t Addition 116,7	t Additions Deletion 116 10,715,942 10,715,942	t Additions Deletions As a 31-03-2 11,6 10,715,942 - 11,6	t Additions Deletions Asat Upto For 31-03-2017 1-4-2016 ye 31,895 10,715,942 - 11,697,837 1.4-2016 ye	t Additions Deletions Asat Upto For 31-03-2017 1-4-2016 ye 31,895 10,715,942 - 11,697,837 1.4-2016 ye	t Additions Deletions As at Upto For the 31-03-2017 1-4-2016 year 31,895 10,715,942 - 11,697,837 - 1	the Additions Deletions Asat Upto For the Additions 31-03-2017 1-4-2016 year 31-03-2017 31-81,895 10,715,942 - 11,697,837 - 11,697,837 - 10,715,942 - 10,715,942 - 10,715,942 - 10,715,942 - 11,697,837 - 10,715,942 - 10,715,942 - 10,715,942 - 10,715,942 - 11,697,837 - 10,715,942 - 10,715,942 - 10,715,942 - 10,715,942 - 11,697,837 - 10,715,942 - 10,715,942 - 11,697,837

Amounts in Rupees)

Accounts *

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017



	April to Mar-17	April to Mar-16
Note 18 : Revenue from operations		
Income from research, design & product development services	321,588,279	406,922,755
	321,588,279	406,922,755
Note 19: Other income		
Exchange fluctuation gain (net)	981,661	77,468
Miscellaneous Income	1,228,577	
Non-operating income from services to subsidiaries	5,836,320	1.00m
Interest from banks	359,751 8,406,309	77,468
Note 20: Employee benefits expenses		
Salaries and allowances	199,953,010	224,354,604
Contribution to provident and other funds	16,028,360	14,048,391
Gratuity	777,527	1,612,572
Leave encashment	808,424	1,614,188
Staff welfare	9,117,172	10,101,376
	226,684,493	251,731,131
Note 21: Other expenses		
	25,419,655	26,006,942
Product design expenses	22,297,567	15,960,727
Professional charges Travelling & conveyance	14,450,345	2,727,362
Travelling & conveyance Rent	14,799,370	6,197,556
Hire charges	3,758,746	1,909,012
Repairs and maintenance	4,425,129	1,023,775
Internet & communication charges	5,676,406	1,162,169
Exchange fluctuation Loss (net)	1,483,830	9,154,362
Auditors remuneration	845,997	6,753,873
Power & water	2,807,328	934,717
Insurance	1,272,885	21,379,457
Rates, taxes and duties	880,939	991,948
Business development Expenses	1,007,408	3,919,920
Miscellaneous expenses	3,131,806	
Inter Co expenses	2,679	
	102,260,090	98,121,820
Note 22 : Finance cost		
Interest	2,588,481	2,190,236
Lease finance charges	265,947	492,169
Bank charges	3,174,103	1,196,982
	6,028,531	3,879,387
Note 23 : Depreciation & Amortization		
	7 (07 520	5 207 506
Depreciation Amortization	7,607,529 12,934,435	5,287,586 9,615,937
	20 541 964	14 903 523
	20,541,964	S JANA.
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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017



(Amounts in Rupees)

Note 25: Notes forming part of Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss

1 Laimings I et smaile (Lite)	1	Earnings	Per share	(EPS)
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Net Profit / (Loss) for Calculation of Basic and Diluted EPS Weighted Average no of shares outstanding during the year Weighted Average no of shares used to compute diluted EPS	(17,247,205) 1,345,752 1,345,752	26,594,468 1345752 1345752
Earnings Per Share - Basic - Diluted	(12.82) (12.82)	19.76 19.76

2 Employee benefits - Post employment benefit plans

Defined contribution plans

The Company makes contributions, determined as a specified percentage of employees salaries or a fixed amount as applicable under the respective legislations, in respect of qualifying employees towards social security, which is a defined contribution plan. The Company has no obligation other than this to make specified contributions. The contributions are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as they accrue. The amount recognised as an expense towards contribution to provident fund in respect of salaries paid for the year aggregated to Rs. 160,28,360 (Previous year Rs. 137,90,906).

Defined benefit plans

The following table summarize the components of net benefit expense in India, recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss and the funded status and amounts recognized in the Balance Sheet for the respective plans:

recognized in the Balance Sheet for the respective plans: Statement of Profit and Loss - Employee benefits expense	2017	2016	2017	2016
Statement of Front and Loss - Employee benefits expense	Compensated		Gratuit	
Current service cost	207,533	401,420	459,703	643,586
Interest cost on benefit obligation	292,474	239,780	440,646	343,222
Net actuarial loss/ (gain) recognised	308,416	972,989	(122,825)	625,767
Net benefit expense	808,423	1,614,189	777,524	1,612,575
Balance Sheet	2017	2016	2017	2016
	Compensated	absences	Gratuit	ty
Defined benefit obligation	2,816,775	3,752,342	5,040,429	5,653,328
Plan (asset)/ liability	2,816,775	3,752,342	5,040,429	5,653,328
Changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation				
Opening defined benefit obligation	3,752,342	2,990,870	5,653,328	4,281,137
Interest cost	292,474	239,780	440,646	343,222
Current service cost	207,533	401,420	459,703	643,586
Benefits paid	(1,743,990)	(852,717)	(1,390,423)	(240,384)
Actuarial (gains)/losses on obligation	308,416	972,989	(122,825)	625,767
Closing defined benefit obligation	2,816,775	3,752,342	5,040,429	5,653,328
Investment details of plan assets (Not externally funded)		2017	2016	
The principal assumptions used in determining gratuity obligation				
Discount rate		7.40%	7.80%	
Increase in compensation cost		6.80%	6.80%	

Notes:

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other factors including supply and demand of manpower. Employee turnover estimates vary based on service length.

Particulars	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Amounts for the current year and previous years are as follows:					
Experience adjustment					
Defined Benefit obligation	5,040,429	5,653,328	4,281,137	3,418,497	3,227,375
Surplus / (Deficit)	(5,040,429)	(5,653,328)	(4,281,137)	(3,418,497)	(3,227,375)

3 Related party disclosures

(a) Names of related parties and relationship

Name

Satya Simha Rao Giridhar L Srinivas Mantripragada Director & Key management personnel Director & Key management personnel

Director & Key management personnel

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2017



(Amounts in Rupees)

The following is the summary of transactions with related parties during the year:

Managerial Remuneration	At start of the year	Payable	Paid	Balance payable
Satya Simha Rao	315,850	3,803,400	3,802,300	316,950
Giridhar L	315,850	3,803,400	3,802,300	316,950
Srinivas Mantripragada	1,449,408	2,328,364	3,777,772	

4 The Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises has issued an Office Memorandum dated 26 August 2008 which recommends that the Micro and Small Enterprises should mention in their correspondence with its customers the Entrepreneurs Memorandum Number as allotted after filing of the Memorandum.

Accordingly, the Company has initiated the process of identifying the suppliers who are registered under the MSMED Act. The disclosure in respect of amount payable to such entities has been made in the financial statements based on the information available with the Company. Further in the view of the Management, the impact of interest, if any, that may be payable in accordance with the provisions of the said Act is not material. The Company has not received any claim for interest from any supplier under the said Act.

5	Auditors' remuneration	2017	2016
	Statutory & Tax audit fee	245,830	175,000
	Cerification charges	39,000	130,500
	Taxation services	300,000	185,000
	Other Services	261,167	100,000
	Total	845,997	590,500

6 Expenditure capitalised during the year

During the year, the company has capitalised the following expenses of revenue nature to the cost of intangibles under development. Consequently, expenses disclosed under the respective notes are net of the below amounts capitalised:

7,628,782	3,843,986
_	261,648
	39,365
7,628,782	4,144,999

7 Previous year figures have been regrouped/rearranged and recast, wherever necessary, to conform to current year's presentation.

As per our report of even date

For Guru & Jana

Chartered Accountants JA

Firm Registration No.006826

1120

M. Guru Prasad

Partner

Membership No: 200714

Place: Bangalore Date: 9 October 2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Satya Simha Rao

Chairman & Managing Director

DIN: 00350297

Giridhar Lakshminarayan

Director